



Scrum and Testing ...

The end of the test role?



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TestNet 2012

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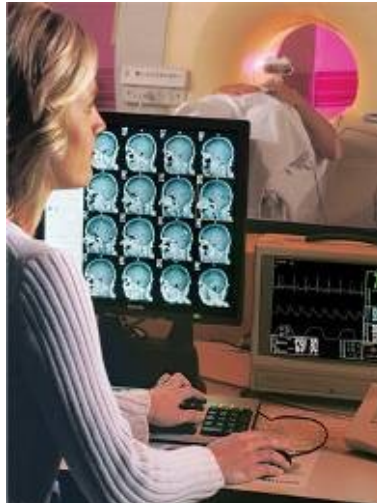
 @Bryan_Bakker

About Bryan Bakker



- Test Expert
- Certifications: ISTQB, TMap, Prince2
- Member of ISTQB Expert Level on Test Automation
- Tutor of several test related courses
- Domains: medical systems, professional security systems, semi-industry, electron microscopy
- Specialties: test automation, integration testing, design for testability, reliability testing

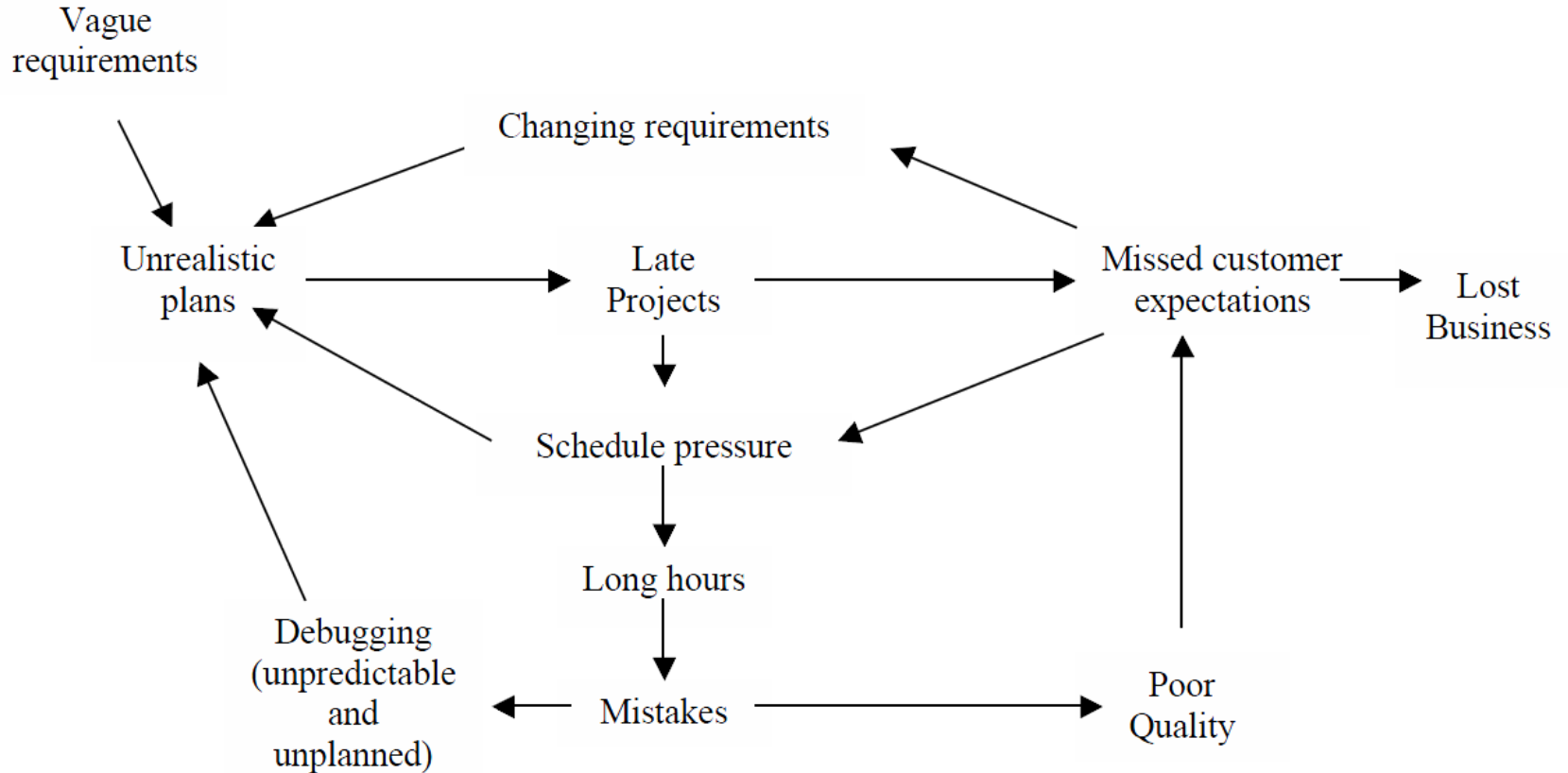
- Within Sioux almost all projects developed with Scrum
- Started on Scrum project in feb 2010
- I am a software test expert
 - Not a Scrum Expert
 - Not a Scrum Master



MOSCOW



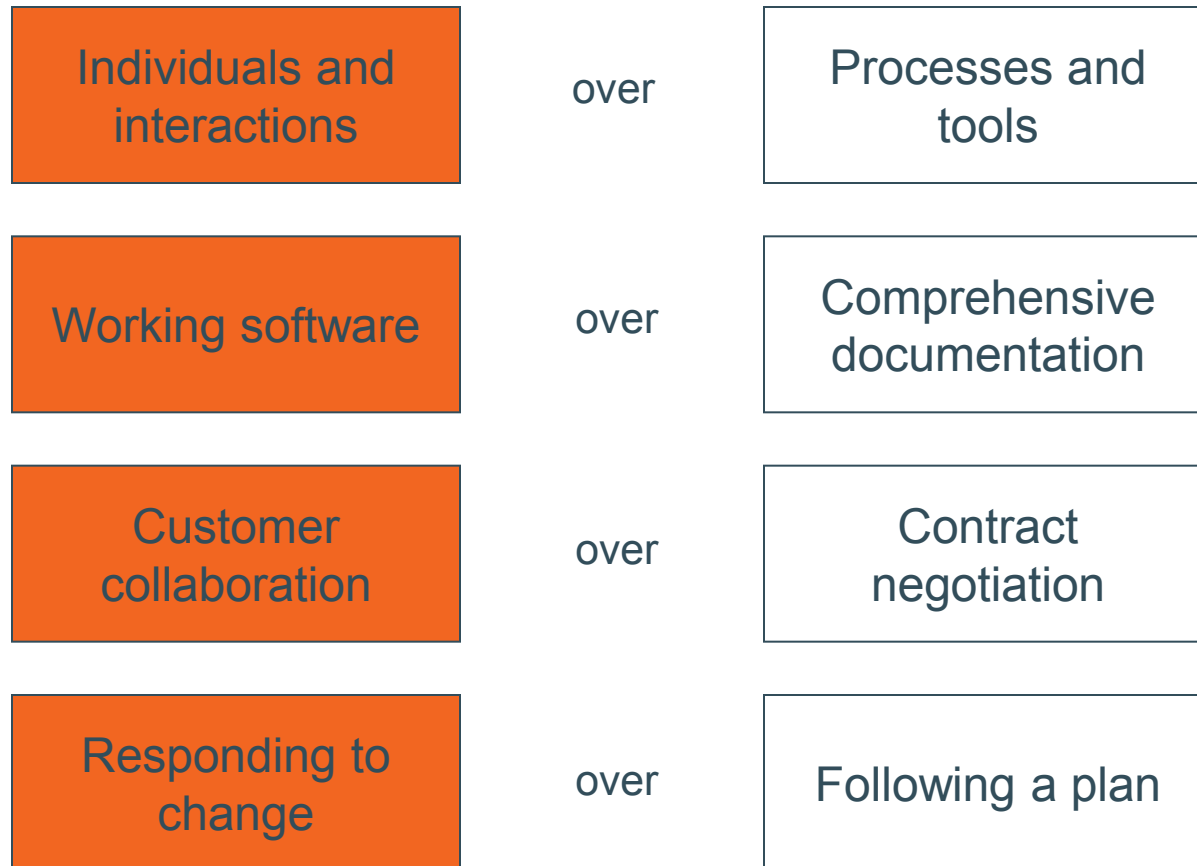
Well known picture



- Wishes:
 - Customer knows what he wants
 - Developers know how to implement it
 - Nothing will change along the way
- Facts:
 - Customer discovers what he wants
 - Developers discover how to implement it
 - Most things change along the way

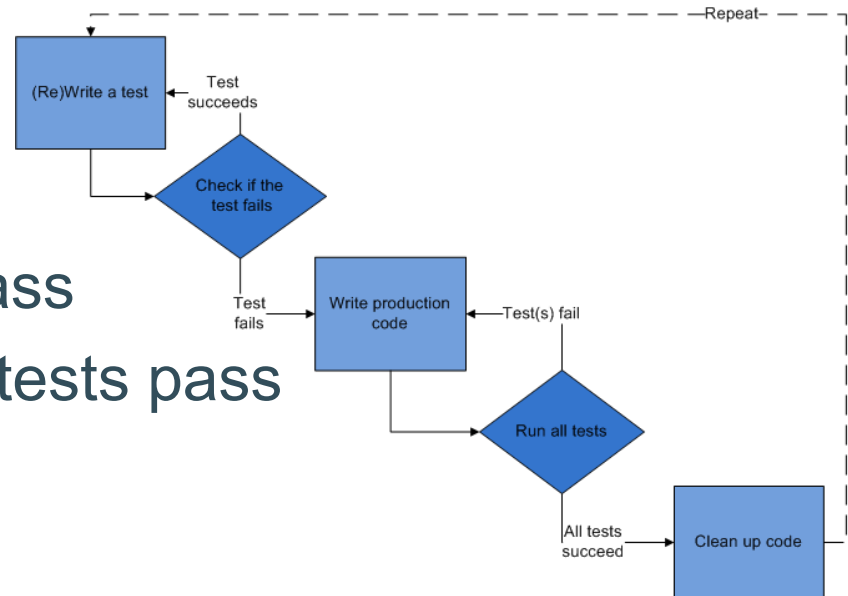
→ Solution: Agile development (e.g. Scrum)
OK... that's a wish, and not a fact

- We have come to value:



- Not part of Scrum, based on eXtreme Programming
- But used typically in Scrum projects

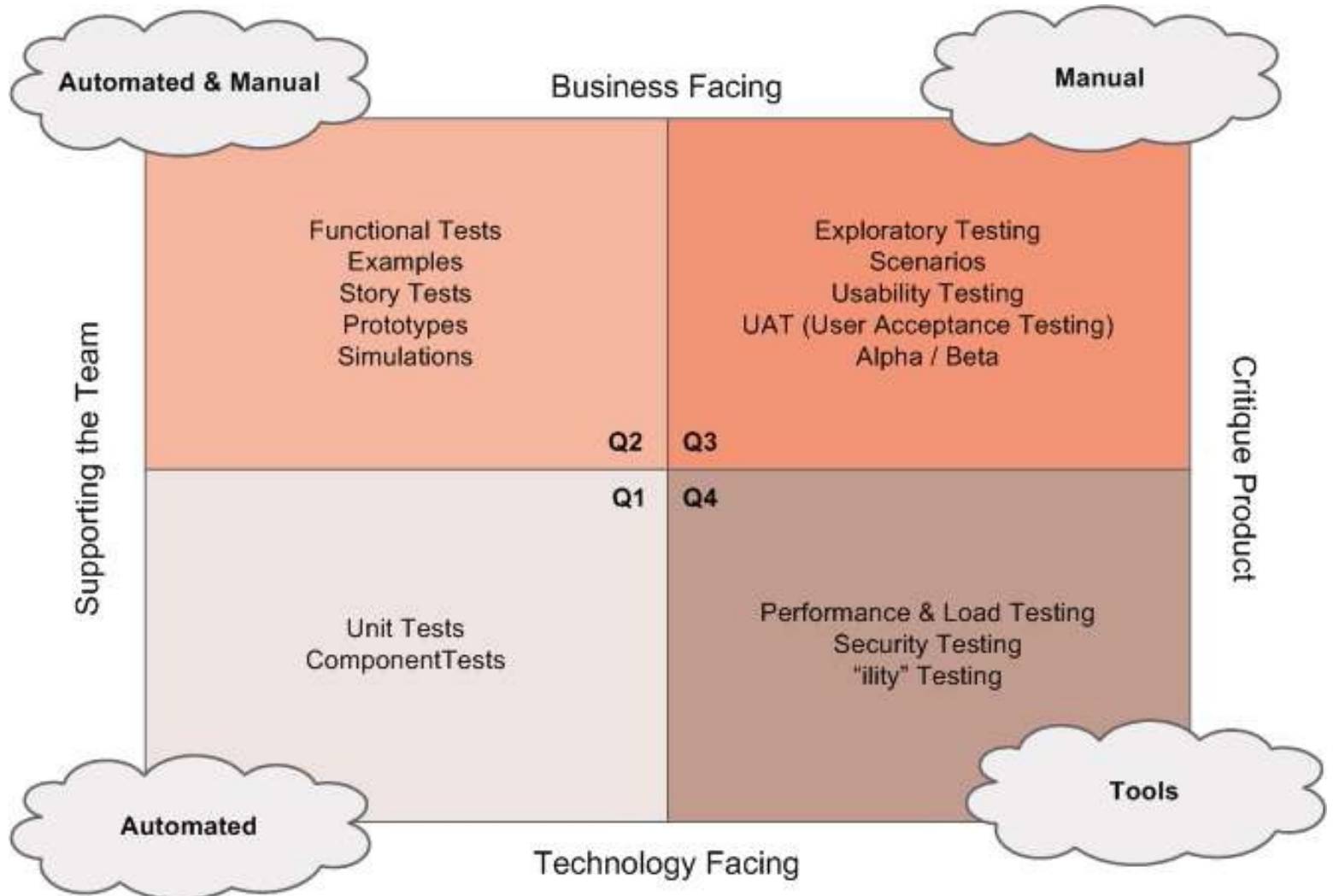
1. Create a new test
2. See the new test fail
3. Write code to make test pass
4. Build, run all tests, see all tests pass
5. Refactor (cleanup)



- Performed by software developer
- Tests are continuously executed
- Code is not delivered when tests fail
- Testing is part of the process
- Quality awareness increases
- Automation is a must!

- Add tests to regression test
 - Regression test is run on each build
 - Regression detected immediately
 - Short feedback loop
 - Safety net at re-designs
- **Test Engineers should become Software Engineers or look for another (non-agile) assignment!**

Agile Testing Quadrants

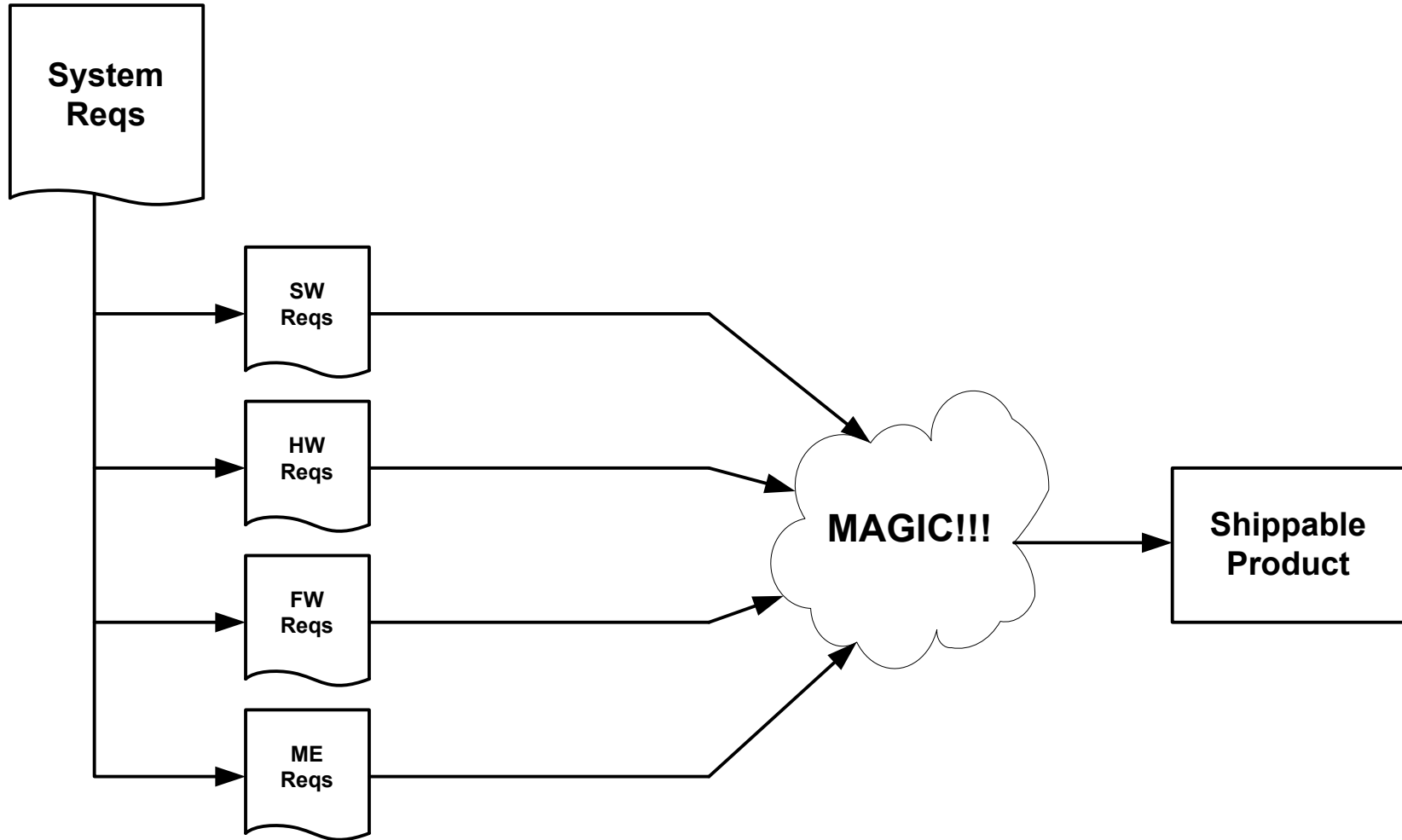


~~→ Test Engineers should become Software Engineers or look for another (non-agile) assignment!~~

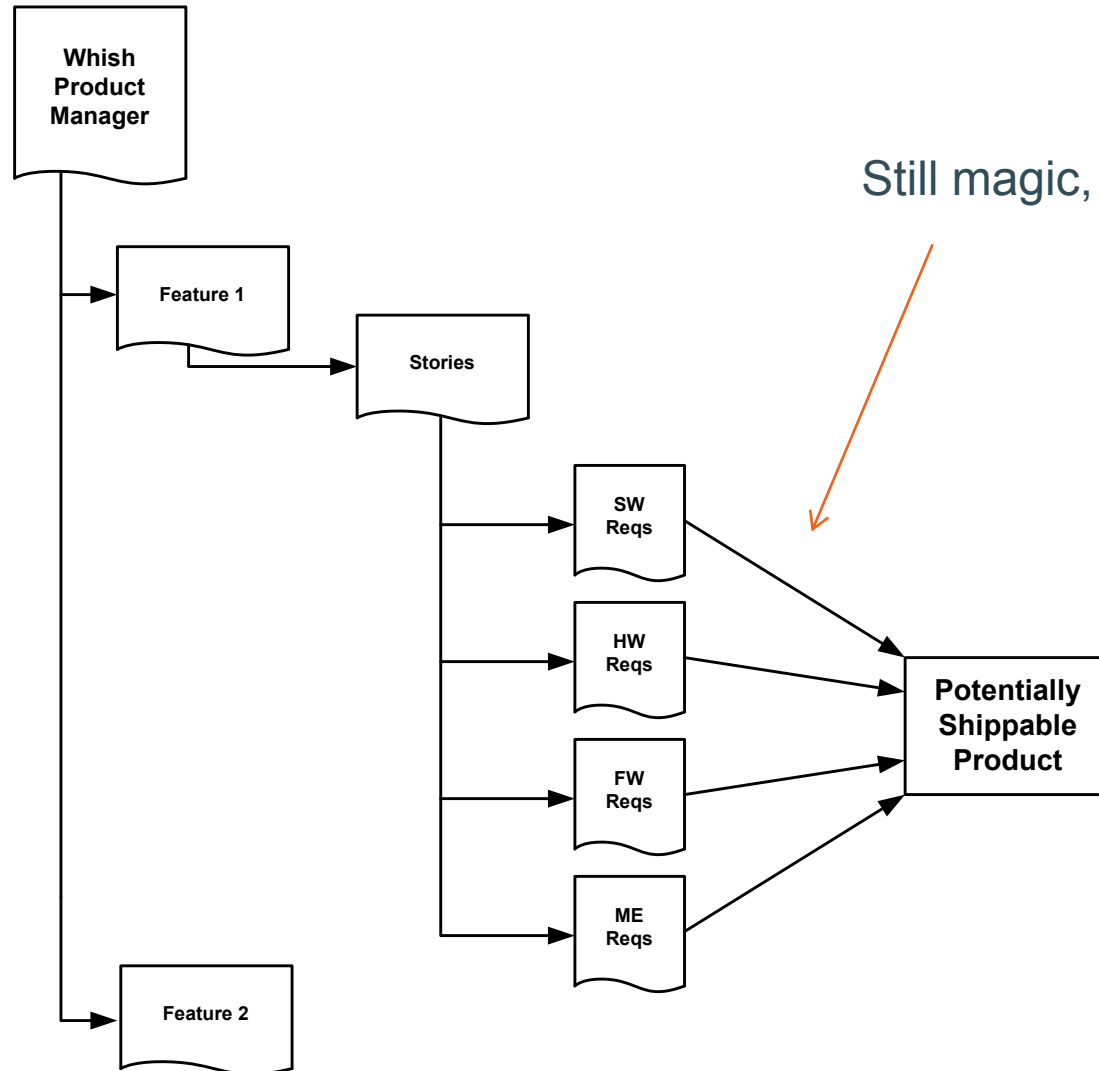
- In fact a Test Engineer can add a lot of value
- In the Scrum team

→ Move Test Engineers from independent test teams into scrum teams

Multiple disciplines



Multiple disciplines - Agile



Still magic, but smaller magic

- Hardware and Software developed concurrently
- Development machine not the target
 - Used for testing (e.g. TDD)
 - Can differ substantially
- Hardware running ahead of software
 - Problems in hardware detected late
 - and hopefully fixed in software
- Or, hardware available late in project
 - Software cannot be tested on target hardware

- Hard to “scrum” hardware and mechanics
- But:
 - There are more deliverables than the final hardware
 - Documents (e.g. interface specifications)
 - Prototypes
 - Alternative hardware (competitor, old-version)
 - Stubs and simulators (software alternative), test interfaces
- Remember: we want to reduce risk as soon as possible
 - It might be worth to spend a few euro’s on extra prototypes
 - Although in the end, they are “thrown away”

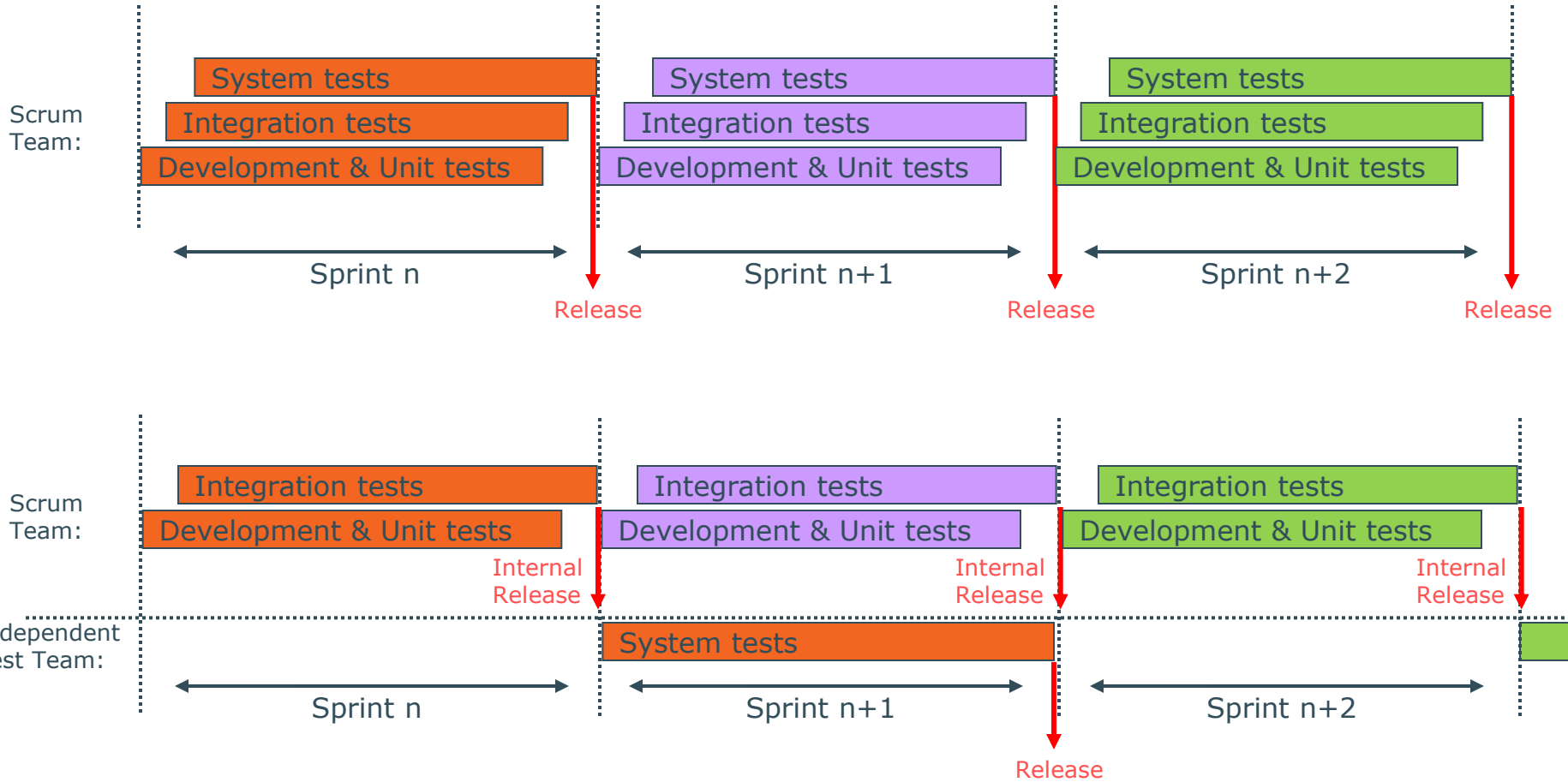
- In some environments Hardware/Mechanical development “rather” predictable
- Choice can be not to disturb them with a new process
- Software can still benefit from Scrum
 - Whole project can still benefit from Scrum

- Anyway...
- System test activities must still be performed
- As soon as possible
- Targets needed (might be sparse)
- In sprint, but often not practical

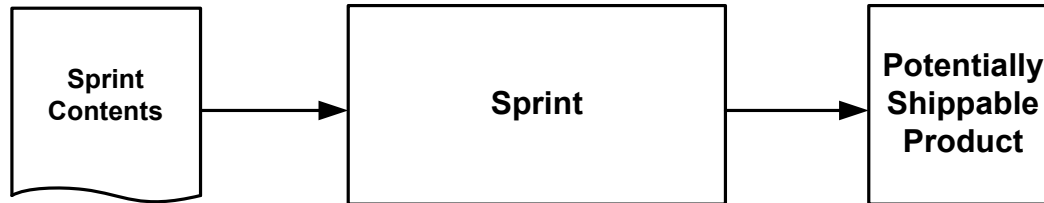
- Take system test out of sprint, and let separate team look at this:

→ **Independent (system) test team**

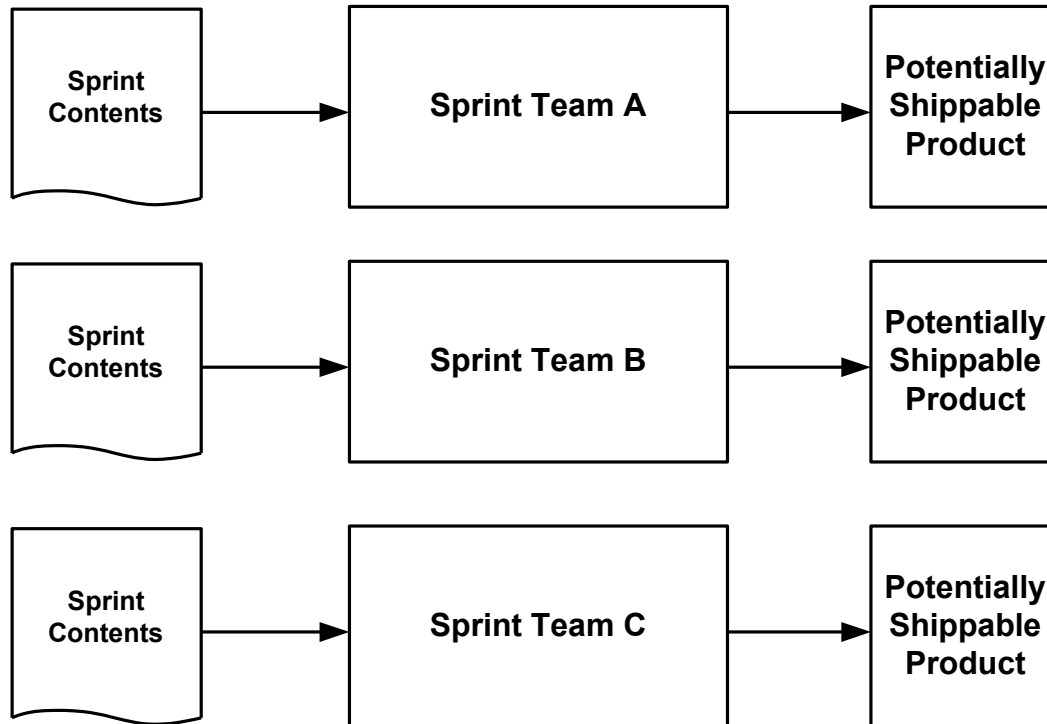
Independent Test Team?



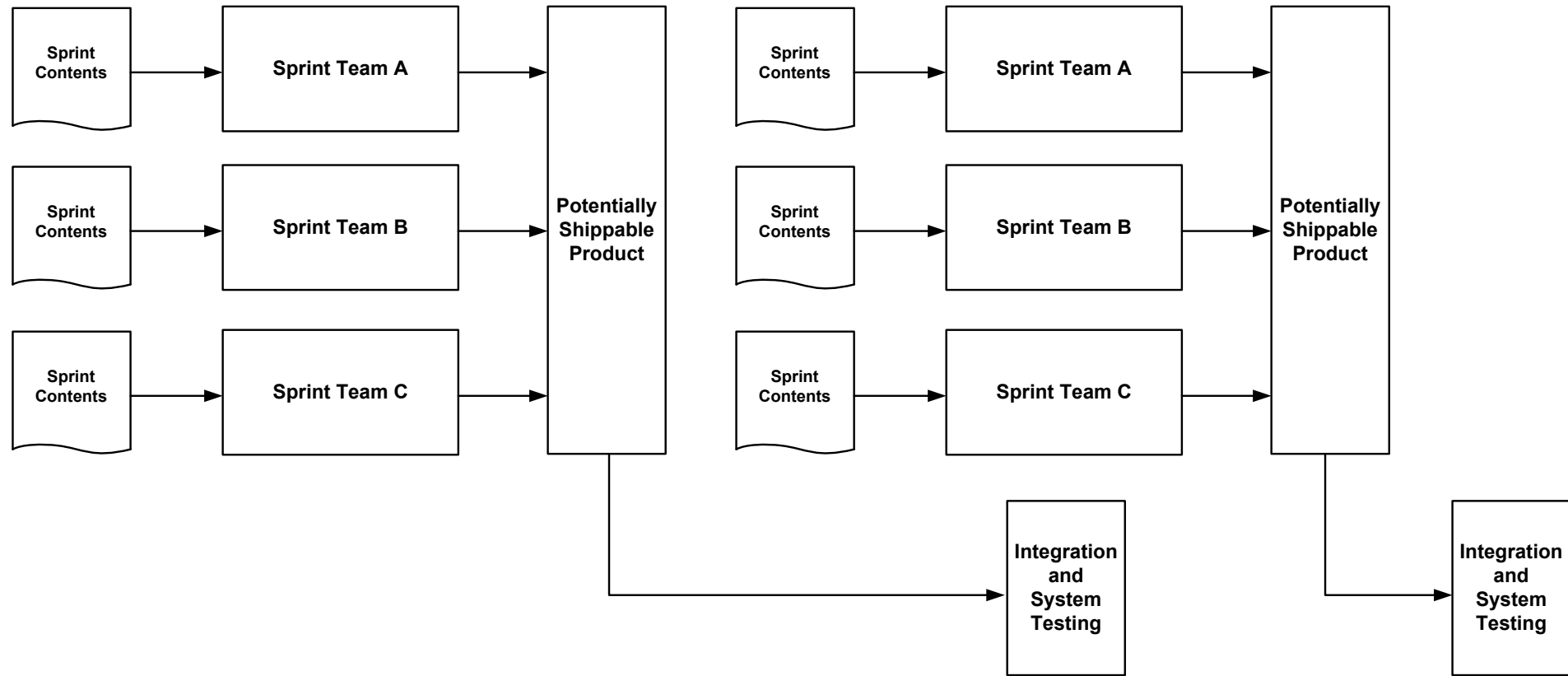
Multiple Scrum teams



Multiple Scrum teams



Multiple Scrum teams



~~→ Move Test Engineers from independent test teams into scrum teams~~

- Independent test engineers still needed
- Probably less, so some can move to scrum teams

What about regulations?

- Satisfying standards, regulations each sprint?
- Probably not...
- Mandatory at the end of development (End Game)

- Think of interim releases
- Overhead can be large (e.g. FDA approval)
- But benefit can be high
 - Customer feedback
 - Problems with standards, safety, etc detected early
→ early risk reduction

- When formal process is needed to release a product
 - Safety
 - Industry standards
 - Regulatory approvals (e.g. FDA)
 - Overall quality characteristics

Best practise:

- Can be done outside the Scrum teams
- By independent teams
 - Test, regulatory, quality, (hardware) standards, ...
 - Link to the Scrum teams, but still independent

- Scrum is not the solution for all problems
- You still need good people
- Scrum is not new
- Focus on team work and quick feedback
- (Independent) Testing still necessary
- Scrum possible in (multi-disc.) product development
- Scrum helps when outsourcing is applied
- Integration and test automation are crucial





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